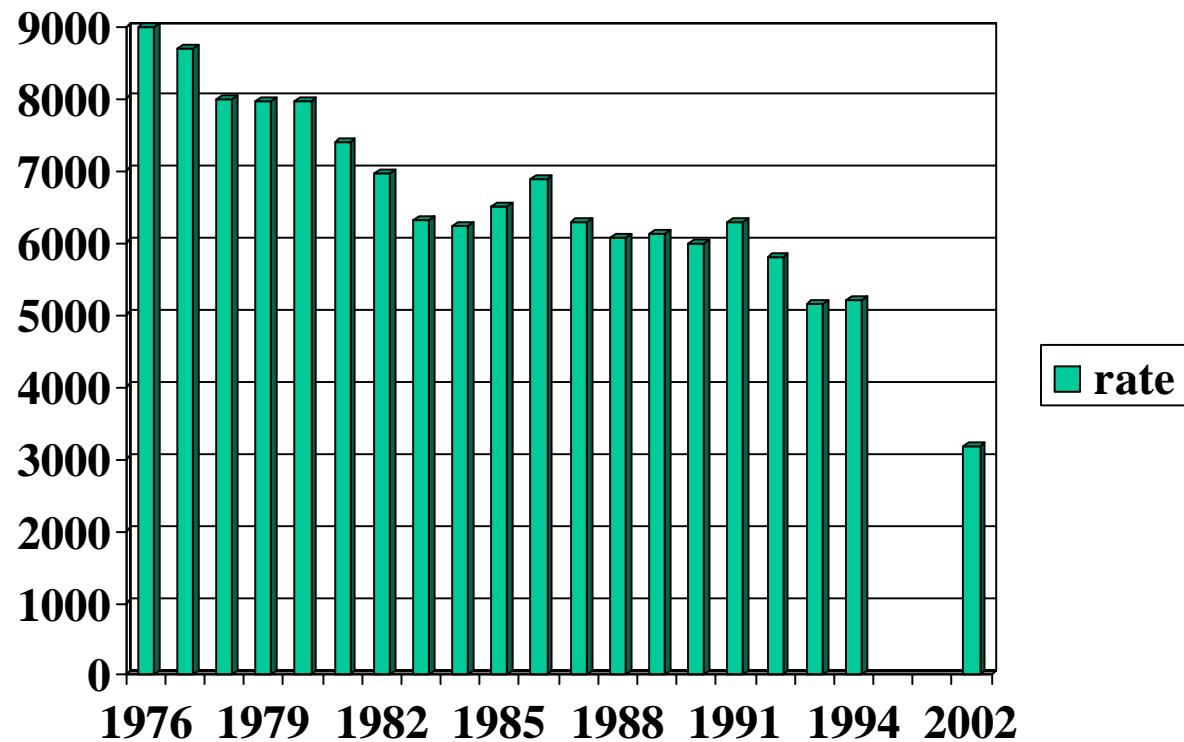


Criminal Justice System Trends

- **Crime**
- **Incarceration**
- **Demographics**

Serious reported crimes per 100,000 residents

Boulder County, Colorado



Some types of crime have decreased while others increase

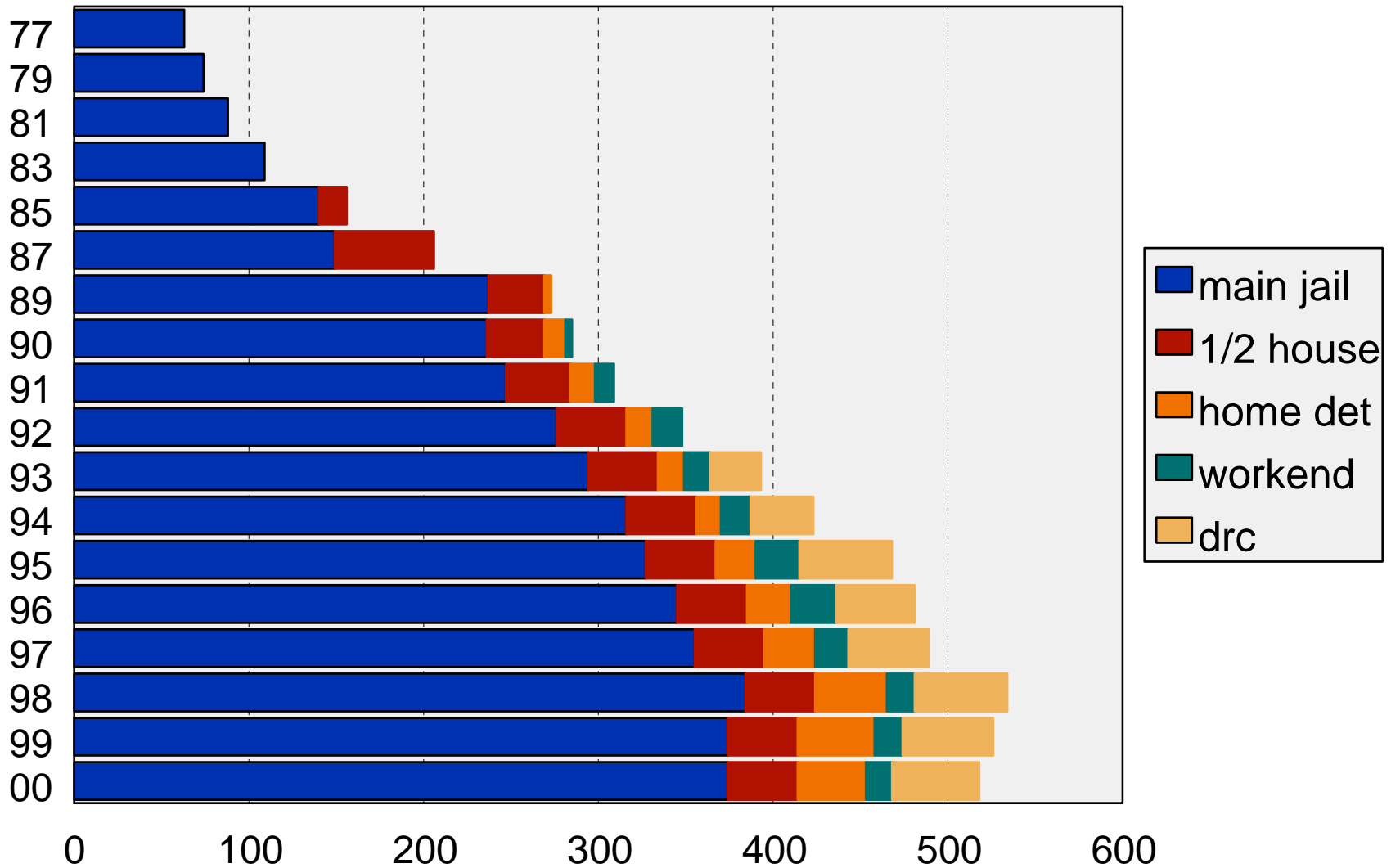
- Crimes decreasing
 - Burglary
 - Robbery
 - Auto Theft
- Crime reporting is influenced by multiple complex factors
- Crimes Increasing
 - Domestic violence
 - Sexual assault
 - Fraud
 - Drunk driving
 - Under Age Drinking

Incarceration has increased dramatically in the last 30 years.

Boulder County has followed national and statewide trends

Average Daily Population

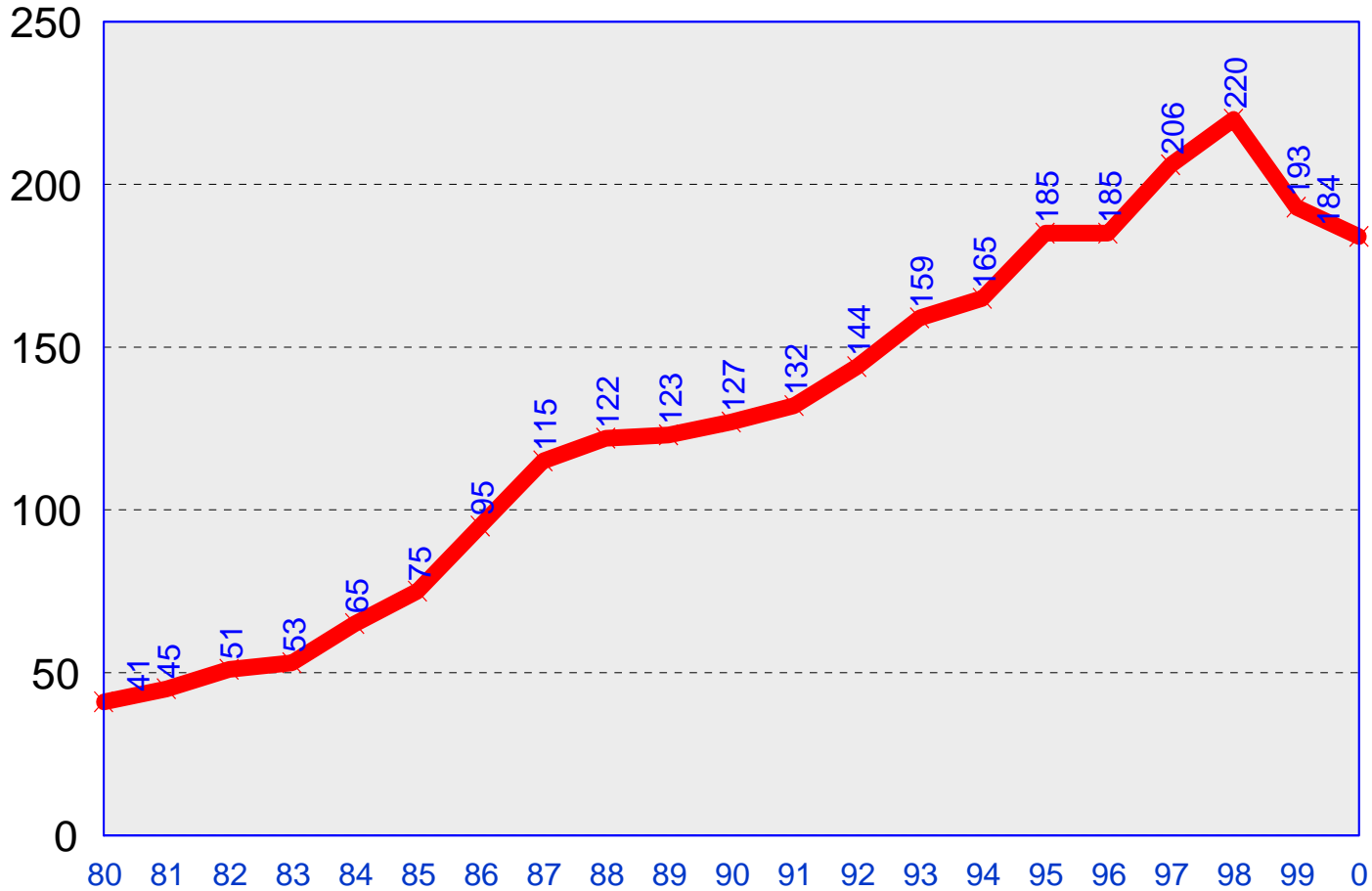
Boulder County Jail



1977-2000

Jail Inmates per 100,000 Population

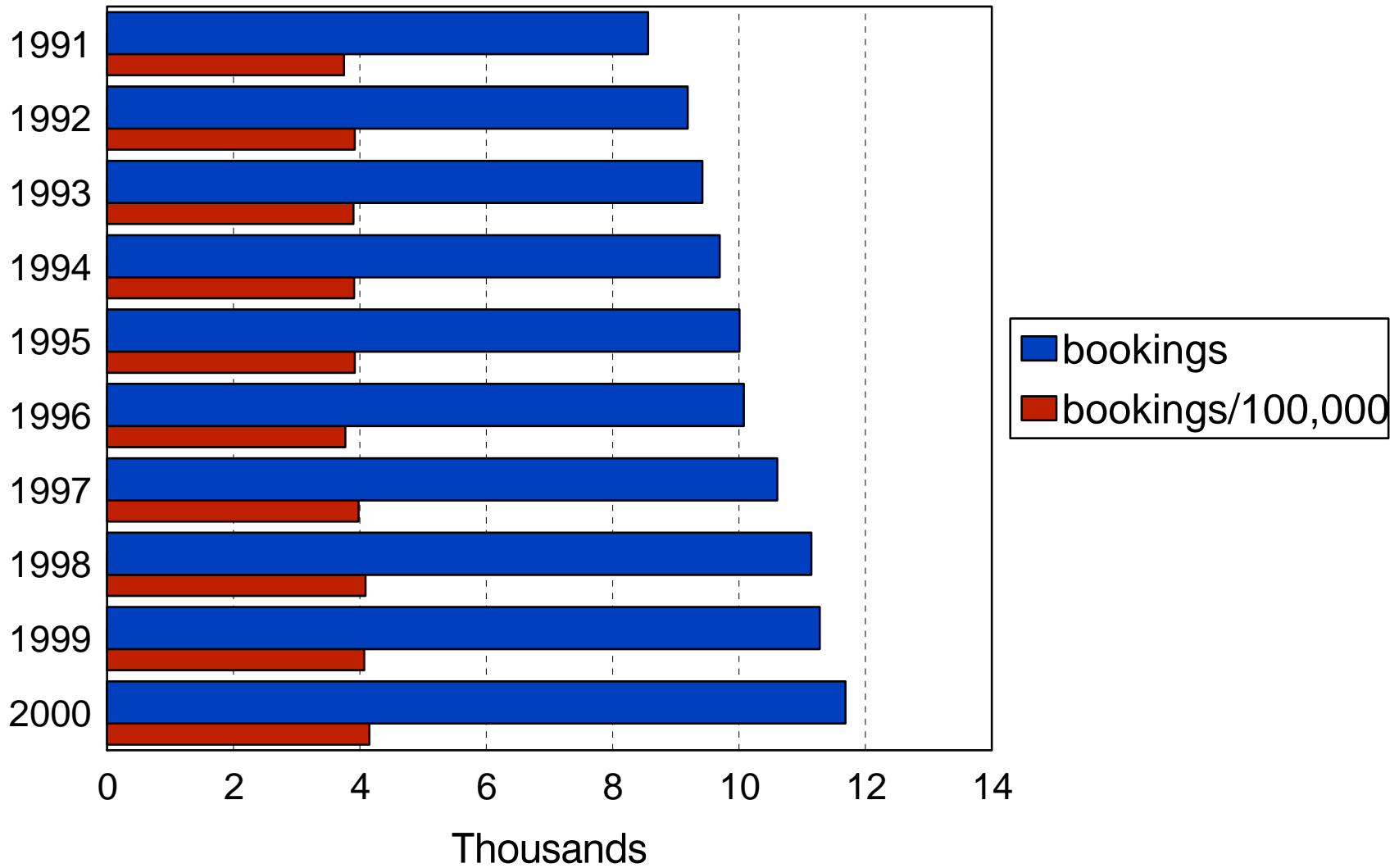
Boulder County, 1980 to 2000



Includes all Sheriff's sentencing programs

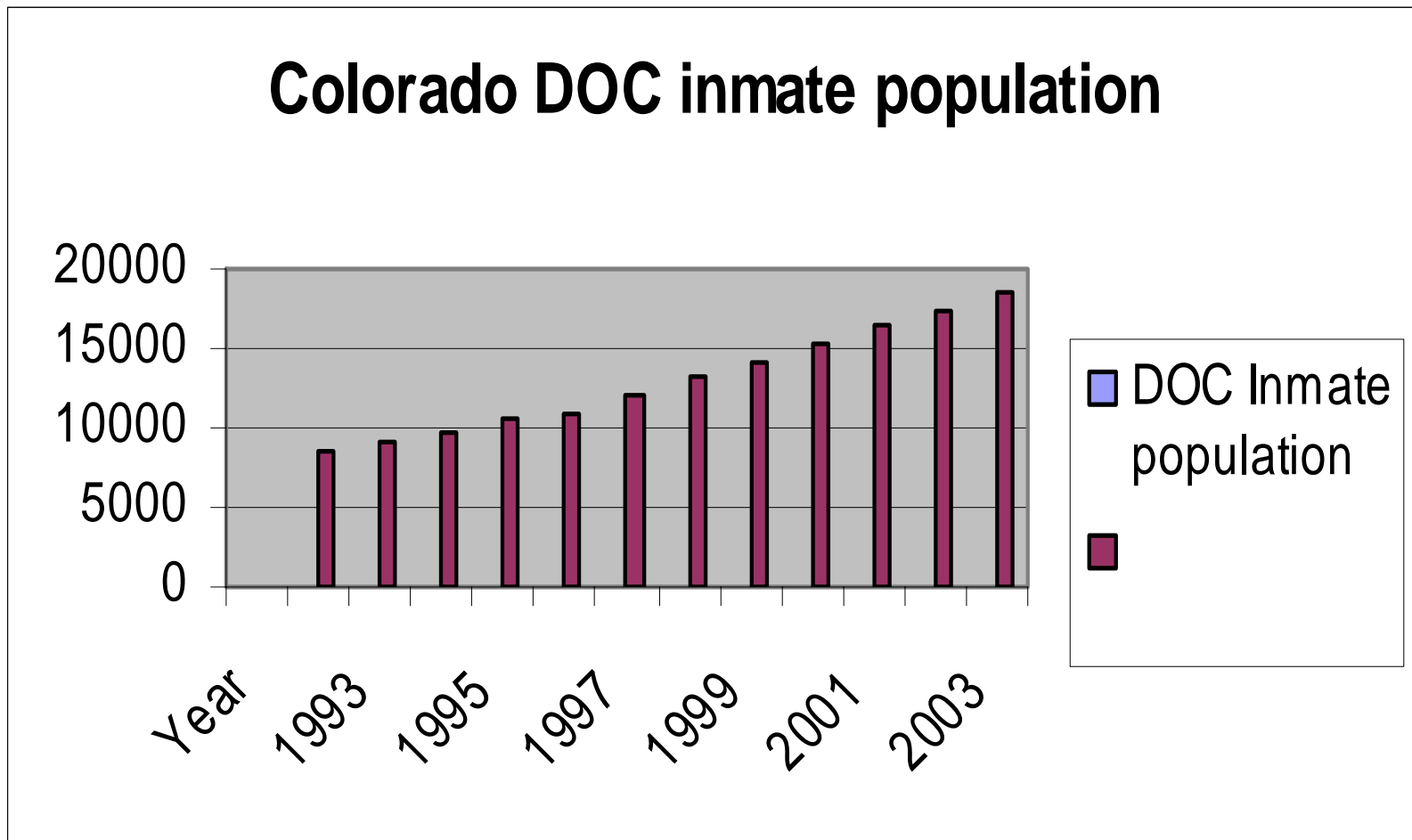
Prisoners Booked per Year

Boulder County Jail



1991 - 2000

State Prison inmate population has more than doubled since 1992



The Boulder County Jail has an extensive network of programs

- Phoenix Project
- Inmate Worker
- Electronic monitoring
- Work-enders
- Day Reporting
- Productive Day
- Education
- Work Release
- Life Skills
- Multiple Offender
DUI
- PACE

Boulder County Commits to DOC at a low rate (2002 data)

	Total	% of total	Rate
Denver	1203	21.8	213
El Paso	627	11.3	115
Jefferson	626	11.3	117
Arapahoe	505	9.1	99
Adams	466	8.4	125
Mesa	326	5.9	266
Larimer	286	5.2	108
Pueblo	247	4.5	167
Weld	243	4.4	119
Boulder	160	2.9	57
All others	842	15.2	86

Other Trends

- The number of persons with mental illness in the criminal justice system is soaring
 - 239 SMI in DOC in 1991, more than 3000 in 2004
 - The increase has created a crisis in jails and prisons
- The percentage of women in jails and prisons is increasing
- Jail and prison populations are aging
- The need for integration of systems is overwhelming